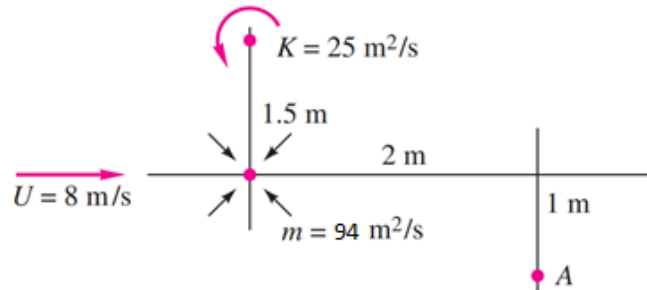
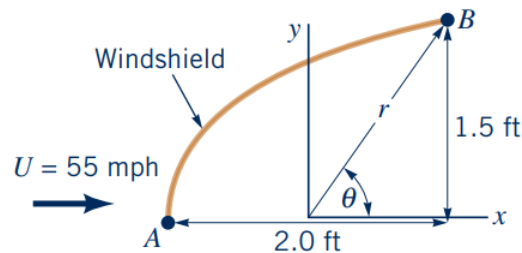




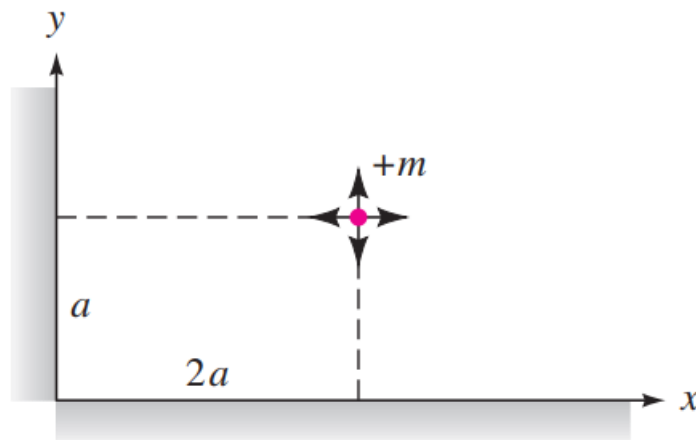
- 1- Find the resultant velocity vector induced at point A in the Figure by the uniform stream, vortex, and line source. (Note:  $v_{source} = m/2\pi r$ )



- 2- A vehicle windshield is to be shaped as a portion of a half-body with the dimensions shown in the figure. For a free-stream velocity of  $55 \text{ mph}$ , determine the velocity of the air at points A and B.

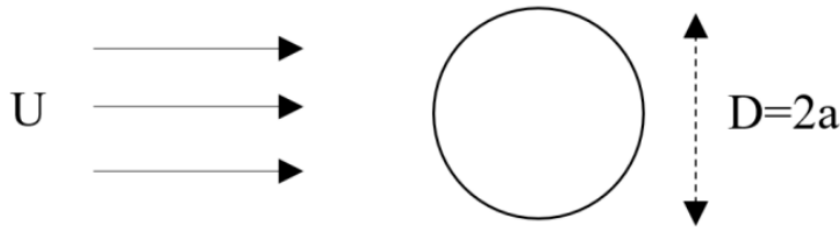


- 3- Set up an image system to compute the flow of a source at unequal distances from two walls, as in figure. Find the point of maximum velocity on the x axis. Calculate pressure at this point.



- 4- Consider the steady horizontal potential flow around the circular cylinder of diameter  $D=2a$  shown in the figure. Solve the Laplace equation over the flow field directly by separation of variables method with appropriate boundary conditions and find the velocity field.

$$\nabla^2 \phi = \phi_{rr} + \frac{1}{r} \phi_r + \frac{1}{r^2} \phi_{\theta\theta} = 0$$



- 5- The Flettner rotorship travels by the force developed due to the magnus effect of two rotating cylinders. Each cylinder has a diameter of 9 ft, a length of 50 ft, and rotates at 750 rev/min. Determine the magnitude of the total force developed by the two rotating cylinders assuming a wind-speed relative to the ship of
- (a)** 10 mph
  - (b)** 30 mph