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Homework Assignment: #1

1. By direct expansion show that:

a)
$$\gamma_{ijk}\gamma_{ijk} = 6$$

b)
$$\gamma_{iik}d_id_k = 0$$

2. Use the indicial notations method to prove the followings:

a)

$$\underline{A} \times (\underline{B} \times \underline{C}) = (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{C})\underline{B} - (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})\underline{C} \quad , \qquad \{H \text{ int : } \gamma_{iik}\gamma_{ina} = (\delta_{in}\delta_{ka} - \delta_{ia}\delta_{kp}) \}$$

b)

$$A \cdot (B \times C) = B \cdot (C \times A) = C \cdot (A \times B)$$

c)

$$(\underline{A} \times \underline{B}) \cdot (\underline{C} \times \underline{D}) = (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{C})(\underline{B} \cdot \underline{D}) - (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{D})(\underline{B} \cdot \underline{C})$$

d)

$$\nabla \times (\underline{a} \times \underline{b}) = (\underline{b} \cdot \nabla)\underline{a} - \underline{b}(\nabla \cdot \underline{a}) + \underline{a}(\nabla \cdot \underline{b}) - (\underline{a} \cdot \nabla)\underline{b}$$

e)

$$\nabla \times (\nabla \times \underline{a}) = \nabla(\nabla \cdot \underline{a}) - \nabla^2 \underline{a}$$

f)

$$\nabla \times \nabla \phi = 0$$

3. Find the <u>Divergence</u> and the <u>Curl</u> of:

$$\underline{F} = (x_1^2 + x_2 x_3) \underline{e}_1 + (x_2^2 + x_1 x_3) \underline{e}_2 + (x_3^2 + x_1 x_2) \underline{e}_3$$